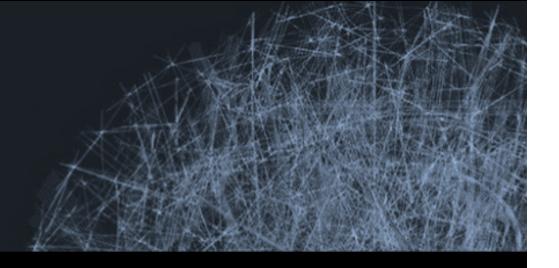
NeuroMat



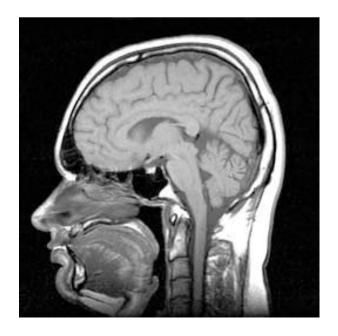
Functional Magnetic Ressonance Imaging and Diffusion Tensor Imaging

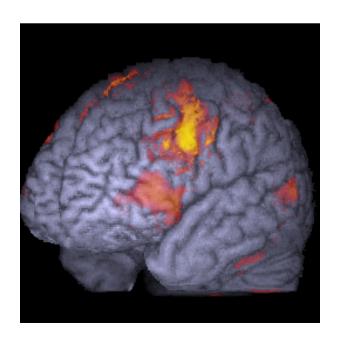
Fátima Erthal

Laboratório de Neurobiologia II Núcleo de Pesquisa em Neurociências e Reabilitação Laboratório Integrado de Pesquisa em Estresse Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro

What is Functional Magnetic Ressonance Imaging?

Functional Magnetic Ressonance Imging - Technic for the study of the activity of the brain. It detects changes in blood oxygen level due to changes in the activity of neurons.



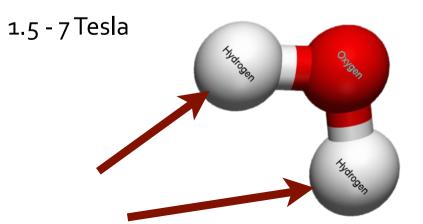


Magnetic field

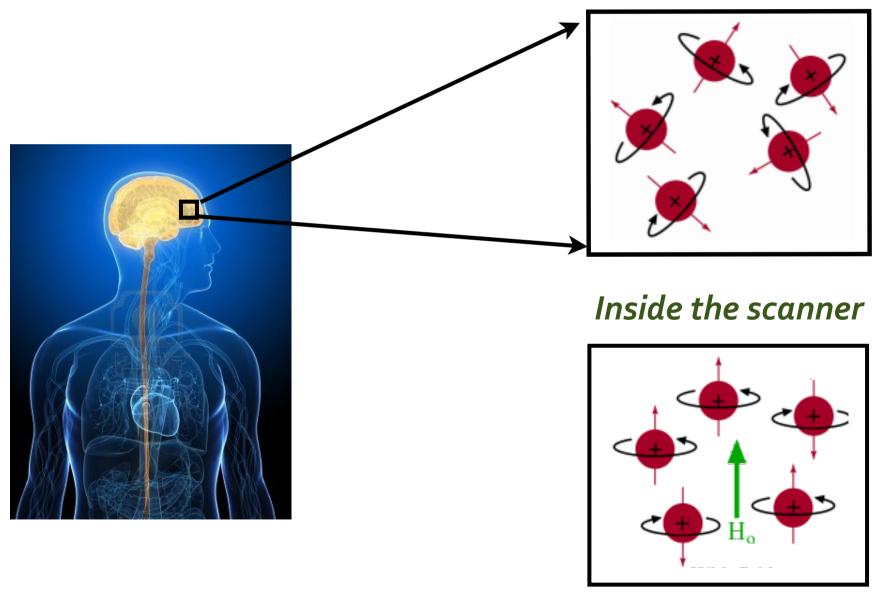


1 Tesla = 20.000 X earth's magnetic field





H⁺ spins alignment with the magnetic field



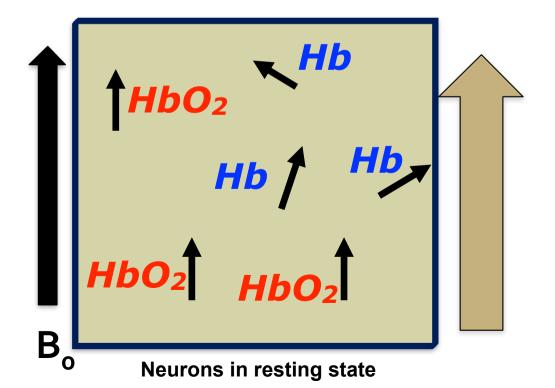
BOLD signal increases with neuron activity

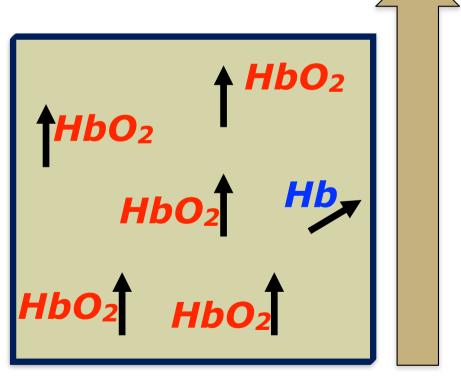
HbO₂Oxyhemoglobin (diamagnetic)

low field inhomogeneities

Hb Deoxyhemoglobin (paramagnetic)

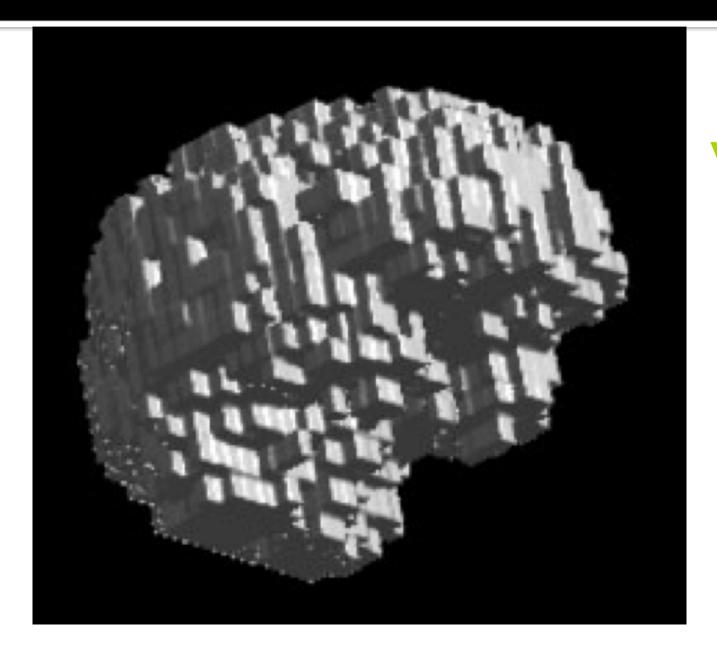
high field inhomogeneities

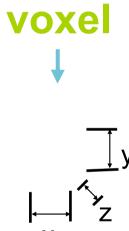




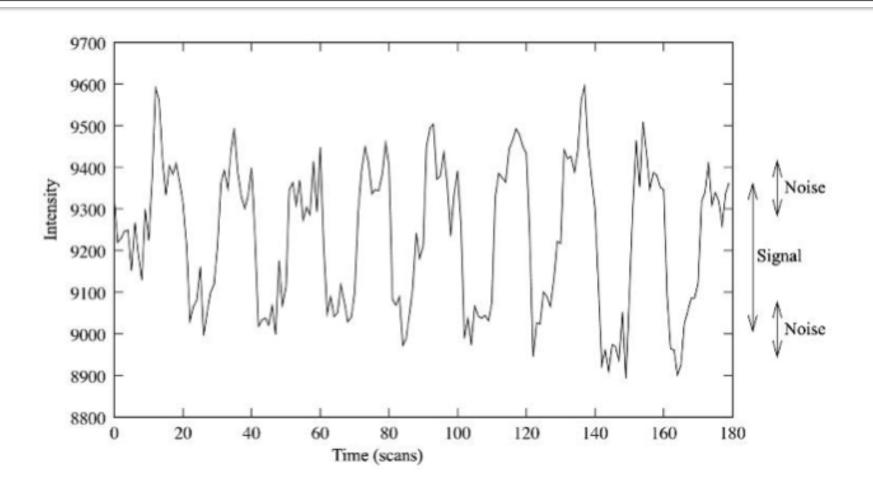
Neurons in active state

What is a voxel?





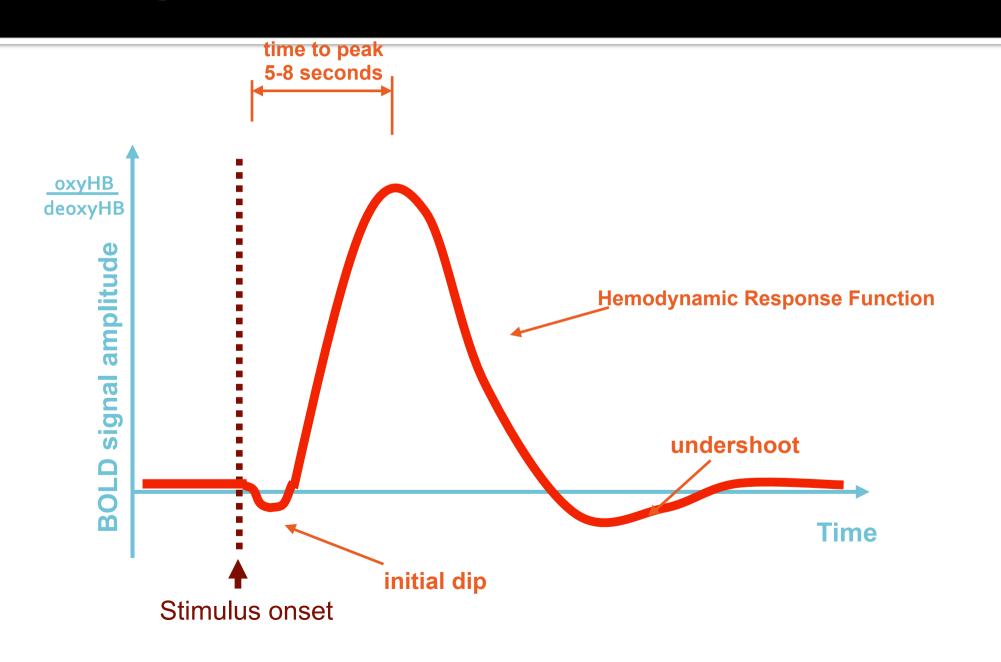
Signal to noise ratio



Magnitude of signal change: 0.5 – 3% at 1.5T

Temporal resolution

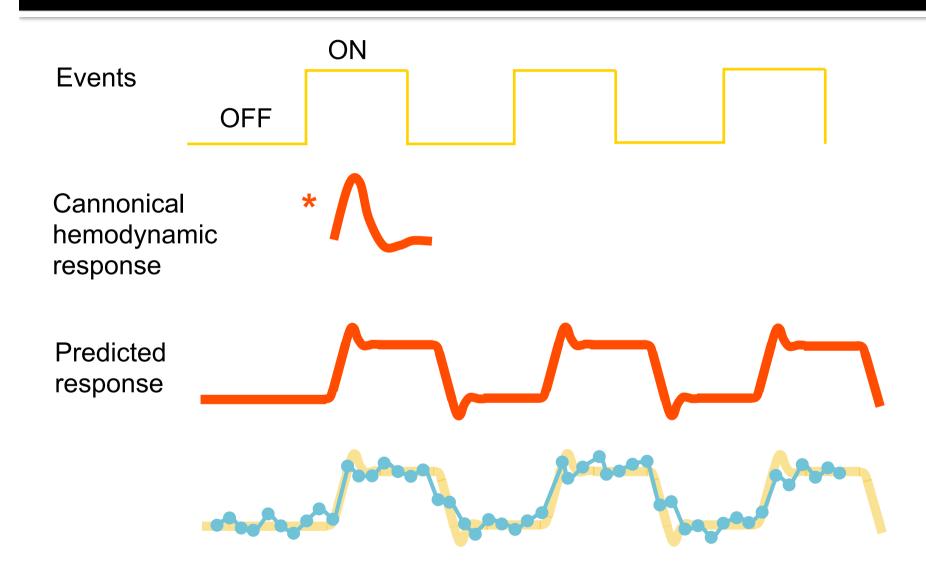
Temporal resolution



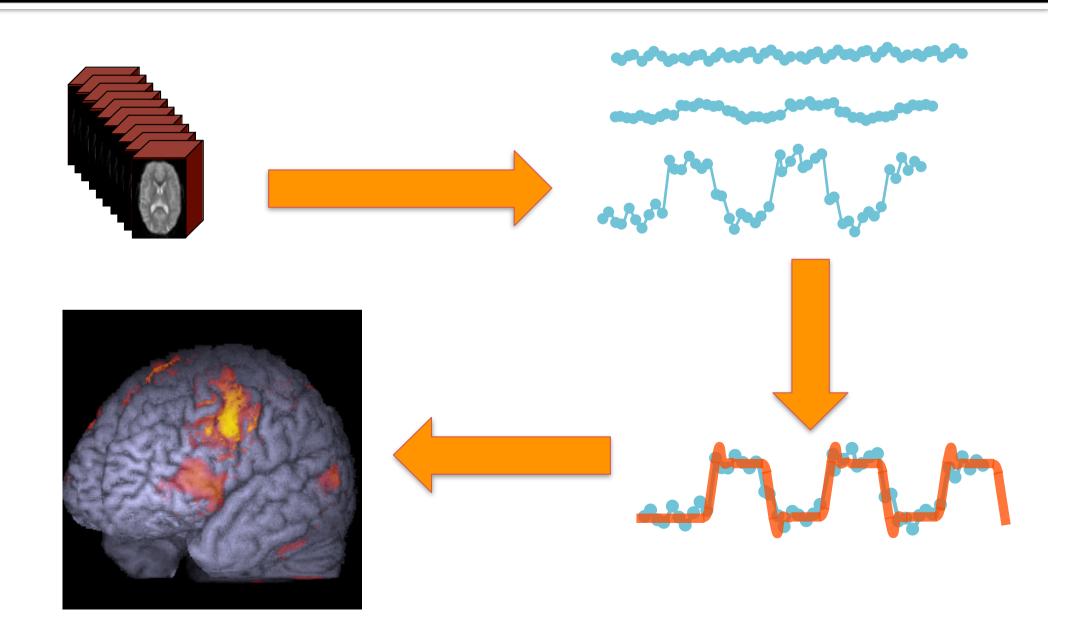
Spatial resolution

- 2-3 mm voxel size
- Higher spatial resolution decrease signal strength
- Higher magnetic field higher spatial resolution - better signal to noise ratio

Data Analysis



Data Analysis



Data analysis - General Linear Model

observed value on dependent variable

$$Y_i = \beta_0 X_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \beta_3 X_3 + \dots + \beta_p X_p + \epsilon_i$$

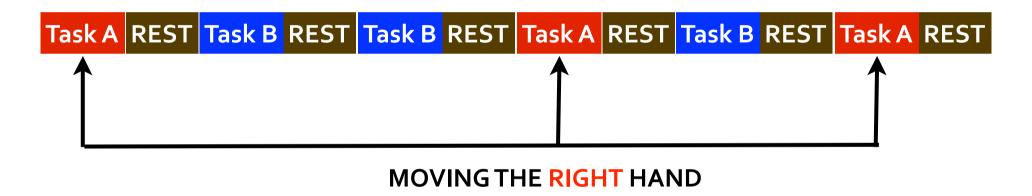
 X_{o} is usually 1

 β_o is usually the mean

 ${f \epsilon}$ is the error (residual): unexplained

variation

Blocked design



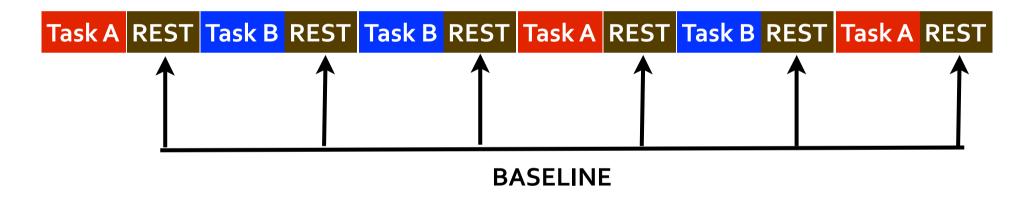
Task duration: 16 s - 1 minute

Blocked design



Task duration: 16 s - 1 minute

Blocked design

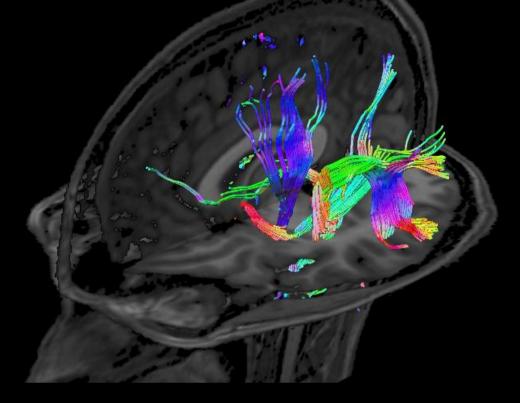


Task duration: 16 s - 1 minute

- Blocked design
- Event-related design
 - Slow event-related
 - Fast event-related

- Blocked design
- Event-related design
 - Slow event-related
 - Fast event-related

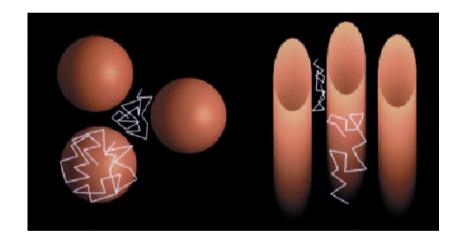
Resting state



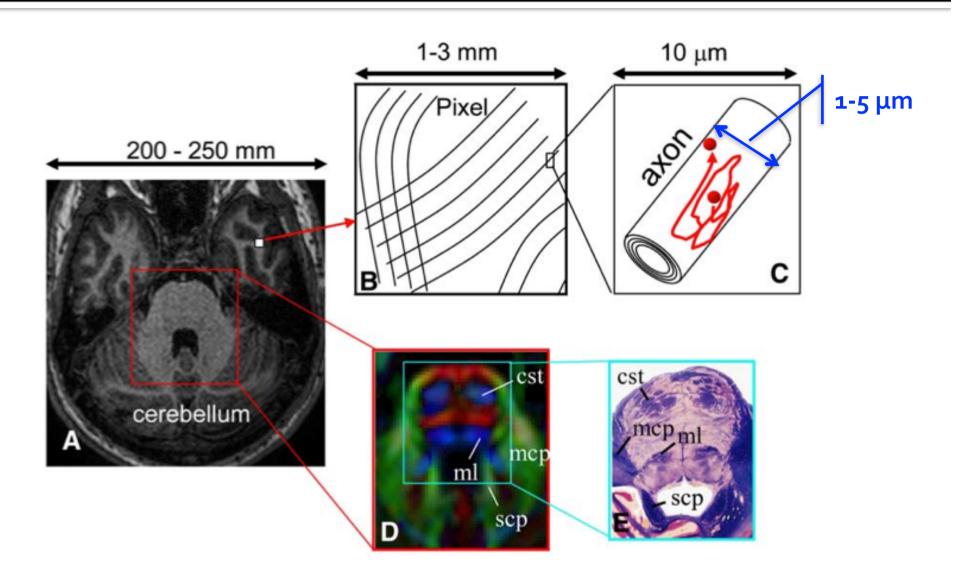
Diffusion Tensor Imaging

Diffusion Tensor Imaging

Uses water molecules motion to infer static neuroanatomy – it is not influenced by physiology.



Anisotropic movement of water molecules



Thank you!